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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/015,381	12/12/2001	Michael Wayne Brown	AUS920010818US1	AUS920010818US1 2846	
34533	7590 07/06/2005		EXAMINER		
INTERNATIONAL CORP (BLF)			ELAHEE	ELAHEE, MD S	
c/o BIGGERS & OHANIAN, LLP P.O. BOX 1469			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
AUSTIN, TX	X 78767-1469		2645	2645	
	•		DATE MAILED: 07/06/2005	· ;	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/015,381	BROWN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
·	Md S. Elahee	2645			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Ja	nuary 2005.				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.	•			
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 31-41 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 31-41 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	` '			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	_				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7 112 64	6)				

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed on 01/20/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding claims 31-41, the Applicant argues on page 1, lines 3-6, that "Applicants acknowledge with thanks the telephone conference with Examiner Elahee. In accordance with that telephone conference, Applicants present the following remarks demonstrating that claims 31-41 are patentable and the case is in condition for allowance". Examiner disagrees with the statements. Examiner was not aware of the telephone conference. The applicant is respectfully requested to provide the evidence in support of the telephone conference.

Regarding claims 31-41, the Applicant further argues on page 3, line 31, that "Bovier never mentions selecting telephone services" and on page 4, lines 8, 9, that "Bouvier is discloses selecting an access service provider for dialup network connections not specifying telephone services for a particular caller". The examiner disagrees with the arguments. The applicant didn't claim the citation 'telephone services' in the body of the claim. The claimed limitation is recited in the preamble of the claim. The body of the claim following the preamble is a self-contained description of the structure and does not depend on the preamble for completeness and therefore, the preamble does not usually limit the claim.

Furthermore, the citation 'telephone services' is broad. Since, Bouvier teaches access service providers (col.6, lines 6-16), examiner considers access services through telephone as telephony services. Thus the rejection of the claim in view of Bouvier remain.

Art Unit: 2645

Regarding claims 31-41, the Applicant further argues on page 7, lines 26-28, that Gurfein does not disclose "specifying telephone services for a particular caller" and on page 8, lines 7, 8, that "Gurfein discloses operating a telephone entertainment program not specifying telephone services for a particular caller". The examiner disagrees with the arguments. The applicant didn't claim the citation 'telephone services' in the body of the claim. The claimed limitation is recited in the preamble of the claim. The body of the claim following the preamble is a self-contained description of the structure and does not depend on the preamble for completeness and therefore, the preamble does not usually limit the claim.

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Furthermore, the citation 'telephone services' is broad. Since, Gurfein teaches selecting audio entertainment program through telephone (abstract; page 4, paragraph 0065), examiner considers selection of audio entertainment program through telephone as telephony services. Thus the rejection of the claim in view of Gurfein remain.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bouvier et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,430,276).

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Regarding claim 31, Bouvier teaches receiving, at the service control subsystem, a

Personal Identification Number (PIN) for a call request from a customer telephone (abstract;

fig.1; col.5, line 65-col.6, line 13; 'service control subsystem' reads on the claim 'an

intermediary device', 'Personal Identification Number (PIN)' reads on the claim 'authenticated

caller identity' and 'customer telephone' reads on the claim 'origin device').

Bouvier further teaches retrieving the customer profile (i.e., caller profile) for the

Personal Identification Number (PIN) (col.5, line 65-col.6, line 13). (Note; a particular customer

is identified by his PIN and his profile is retrieved after being identified by SCP of service

control subsystem)

Bouvier further teaches specifying a selection of services from among a plurality of

services that are offered for the call request according to the customer profile (col.6, lines 11-16).

(Note; each particular customer has subscribed a list of access service providers and each profile

includes the list. Therefore, it is inherent that a selection of services from among a plurality of

services are offered for a call request according to each particular customer profile.)

Regarding claims 33, 37 and 40, Bouvier teaches retrieving the caller profile from a

database 50 (i.e., profile database) within the service control subsystem (fig.1; col.6, lines 11-

16).

Regarding claim 35 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed above with respect to

claim 31. Furthermore, Bouvier teaches the service control subsystem (i.e., intermediary device)

communicatively connected to a telephone network (fig. 1).

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Regarding claim 39 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed above with respect to claim 31. Furthermore, Bouvier teaches a database 50 (fig.1; col.6, lines 11-16; 'database' reads on the claim 'recording medium').

4. Claims 31, 35 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gurfein et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0081744).

Regarding claim 31, Gurfein teaches receiving, at the telephone entertainment system, a PIN number for a call request from a caller telephone (fig. 1; page 3, paragraph 0065; 'telephone entertainment system' reads on the claim 'an intermediary device', 'PIN number' reads on the claim 'authenticated caller identity' and 'caller telephone' reads on the claim 'origin device'). (Note; caller telephone is inherent)

Gurfein further teaches retrieving the caller profile for the PIN number (page 3, paragraph 0065). (Note; a particular caller is identified by his PIN and his profile is retrieved after being identified by the telephone entertainment system)

Gurfein further teaches specifying a selection of telephone shows (i.e., services) from among a plurality of telephone shows that are offered for the call request according to the caller profile (page 3, paragraphs 0065, 0066, 0071). (Note; each particular caller has subscribed a list of telephone shows and each profile includes the list. Therefore, it is inherent that a selection of telephone shows from among a plurality of telephone shows are offered for a call request according to each particular caller profile.)

Regarding claim 35 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed above with respect to claim 31. Furthermore, Gurfein teaches the telephone entertainment system (i.e., intermediary device) communicatively connected to a telephone network (fig.6, 7; page 10, paragraph 0163).

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Regarding claim 39 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed above with respect to

claim 31. Furthermore, Gurfein teaches a database 50 (page 4, paragraph 0074; 'database' reads

on the claim 'recording medium').

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 32 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bouvier

et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,430,276) and in view of Moser et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,556,127).

Regarding claims 32 and 36, Bouvier does not specifically teach "said authenticated

caller identity is authenticated by a voice utterance of said caller". Moser teaches that the

authenticated caller identity is authenticated by a voice utterance of the caller (col.3, lines 57-

67). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to modify Bouvier to allow the authenticated caller identity being authenticated by a

voice utterance of the caller as taught by Moser. The motivation for the modification is to have

doing so in order to provide the option of orally entering the subscriber identification.

7. Claims 34, 38 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Bouvier et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,430,276) and in view of Kawahara et al. (U.S. Pub. No.

2002/0184096).

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Regarding claims 34, 38 and 41, Bouvier fails to teach "retrieving said caller profile from a systems management server". Kawahara teaches that a caller name is identified by speech of the caller (fig.1, fig.2, fig.4; col.6, lines 24-43, col.7, lines 18-32, 55-67, col.8, lines 1-10; 'caller name' reads on the claim 'authenticated caller identity' and 'identified by speech of the caller' reads on the claim 'authenticated by a voice utterance of said caller') Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Bouvier to allow retrieving the caller profile from the systems management server as taught by Kawahara. The motivation for the modification is to have doing so in order to provide various services as desired by the caller.

Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Afana (U.S. Pub. No. 2002/0064261) teach Professional services billing personal identification number, Jacob et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,636,590) teach Apparatus and method for specifying and obtaining services through voice commands and McAllister (U.S. Patent No. 6,317,484) teach Personal telephone service with transportable script control of services.
- 9. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

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CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Md S. Elahee whose telephone number is (571) 272-7536. The

examiner can normally be reached on Mon to Fri from 8:30am to 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Fan Tsang can be reached on (571) 272-7547. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M.E.

MD SHAFIUL ALAM ELAHEE

June 3, 2005

FAN TSANG

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